

Volunteering Victoria Inc.
ABN 79 378 017 212

Annual Financial Report - 30 June 2015

Volunteering Victoria Inc.
Contents
30 June 2015

Contents

Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income	3
Statement of financial position	4
Statement of changes in equity	5
Statement of cash flows	6
Notes to the financial statements	7
Officers' declaration	14
Independent auditor's report to the members of Volunteering Victoria Inc.	15

General information

The financial statements cover Volunteering Victoria Inc. as an individual entity. The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is the functional and presentation currency used by Volunteering Victoria Inc.

The financial statements were authorised for issue on 24/9/2015

Volunteering Victoria Inc.
Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income
For the year ended 30 June 2015

	Note	2015 \$	2014 \$
Revenue	3	1,020,130	524,936
Expenses			
Employment related expenses		(632,254)	(405,920)
Marketing, Training and program expenses		(166,893)	(67,439)
Office and Premises expenses		(60,029)	(69,515)
Travel and Accommodation expenses		(19,217)	(14,629)
IT and Communication expenses		(24,198)	(24,910)
Finance and Governance expenses		(19,969)	(28,525)
Depreciation expense	4	(6,603)	(13,030)
Operating Surplus / (Loss)		90,967	(99,032)
Surplus / (Loss) for the year attributable to the members of Volunteering Victoria Inc.	13	90,967	(99,032)
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to the members of Volunteering Victoria Inc.		<u>90,967</u>	<u>(99,032)</u>

The above statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Volunteering Victoria Inc.
Statement of financial position
As at 30 June 2015

	Note	2015 \$	2014 \$
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	5	273,207	226,451
Trade and other receivables	6	244,495	156,893
Other current assets	7	1,199	1,853
Total current assets		<u>518,901</u>	<u>385,197</u>
Non-current assets			
Plant and equipment	8	7,240	10,057
Other non-current assets	9	6,680	0
Total non-current assets		<u>13,920</u>	<u>10,057</u>
Total assets		<u>532,821</u>	<u>395,254</u>
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	10	49,099	93,752
Revenues received in advance	11	325,538	248,651
Accrued expenses		11,032	12,042
Employee benefits	12	27,728	12,352
Total current liabilities		<u>413,397</u>	<u>366,797</u>
Total liabilities		<u>413,397</u>	<u>366,797</u>
Net assets		<u>119,424</u>	<u>28,457</u>
Equity			
Retained surpluses	13	119,424	28,457
Total Equity		<u>119,424</u>	<u>28,457</u>

The above statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Volunteering Victoria Inc.
Statement of changes in equity
For the year ended 30 June 2015

	Retained surpluses \$	Total equity \$
Balance at 1 July 2013	127,489	127,489
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	(99,032)	(99,032)
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	<u>(99,032)</u>	<u>(99,032)</u>
Balance at 30 June 2014	<u>28,457</u>	<u>28,457</u>
	Retained surpluses \$	Total equity \$
Balance at 1 July 2014	28,457	28,457
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	90,967	90,967
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	<u>90,967</u>	<u>90,967</u>
Balance at 30 June 2015	<u>119,424</u>	<u>119,424</u>

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Volunteering Victoria Inc.
Statement of cash flows
For the year ended 30 June 2015

	Note	2015 \$	2014 \$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts from Members (inclusive of GST)		99,484	97,619
Receipts from Grants and Sponsorships (inclusive of GST)		780,864	572,700
Receipts from training programs and consulting services (inclusive of GST)		258,607	78,084
Interest received		7,069	7,869
Payments to suppliers and employees (inclusive of GST)		(1,088,802)	(668,921)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Net cash from operating activities	18	<u>57,222</u>	<u>87,351</u>
Cash flows from investing activities			
Payments for property, plant and equipment		<u>(10,466)</u>	<u>(6,250)</u>
Net cash used in investing activities		<u>(10,466)</u>	<u>(6,250)</u>
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		46,756	81,101
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		<u>226,451</u>	<u>145,350</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	5	<u><u>273,207</u></u>	<u><u>226,451</u></u>

The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Note 1. Significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Basis of preparation

In the opinion of the Board, the incorporated association is not a reporting entity because there are no users dependent on general purpose financial statements.

These are special purpose financial statements that have been prepared for the purposes of complying with the Victorian legislation the Associations Incorporation Reform Act 2012 and associated regulations. The Board has determined that the accounting policies adopted are appropriate to meet the needs of the members of Volunteering Victoria Inc.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the following Australian Accounting Standards:

AASB 101	Presentation of Financial Statements
AASB 107	Statement of Cash Flows
AASB 108	Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors
AASB 1031	Materiality
AASB 1048	Interpretation of Standards
AASB 1054	Australian Additional Disclosures

Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the incorporated association's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in note 2.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefit will flow to the incorporated association and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

Membership Subscriptions

Memberships under the Volunteering Victoria membership model are for a defined financial year. Subscriptions are paid at the time membership is approved. There is no provision for a commitment to automatic renewal in the current model. Recognition of revenue occurs after payment has been made in the financial year to which the subscription relates.

Training and consulting services

Revenue from training and consulting services are recognized when relevant services have been delivered to the participants and the participants are aware of their financial obligations to the incorporated association before receiving any services from the incorporated association.

Grants and sponsorships

Grants and sponsorships are recognised when the services contracted in relevant agreements have been provided and there is a reasonable assurance that the grant/sponsorship will be received.

Unexpended Grants

The incorporated association receives grant monies to fund projects either for contracted periods of time or specific projects irrespective of the period of time required to complete those projects. It is the policy of the entity to treat grants monies as income in advance in statement of financial position where the entity is contractually obliged to provide the services in a subsequent financial period to when the grant is received or in the case of specific project grants where the project has not been completed.

Interest

Interest revenue is recognised as revenue at the time it is paid into the incorporated association's nominated bank accounts.

Note 1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Other revenue

Other revenue is recognised when it is received or when the right to receive payment is established.

Income tax

As the incorporated association is a charitable institution in terms of subsection 50-5 of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997, as amended, it is exempt from paying income tax.

Current and non-current classification

Assets and liabilities are presented in the statement of financial position based on current and non-current classification.

An asset is classified as current when: it is either expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle; it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting period; or the asset is cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is classified as current when: it is either expected to be settled in normal operating cycle; it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period; or there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions net of uncleared items, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Trade and other receivables

Other receivables are recognised at amortised cost, less any provision for impairment.

Property, plant and equipment

Plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis to write off the net cost of each item of property, plant and equipment (excluding land) over their expected useful lives as follows:

Furniture & Fittings	7 years
Office Equipment	5 years
Computer Equipment	3 years

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when there is no future economic benefit to the incorporated association. Gains and losses between the carrying amount and the disposal proceeds are taken to profit or loss.

Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the incorporated association prior to the end of the financial year and which are unpaid. Due to their short-term nature they are measured at amortised cost and are not discounted. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits, annual leave and long service leave expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

Note 1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Defined contribution superannuation expense

Contributions to defined contribution (accumulation) superannuation plans are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

Fair value measurement

When an asset or liability, financial or non-financial, is measured at fair value for recognition or disclosure purposes, the fair value is based on the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date; and assumes that the transaction will take place either: in the principal market; or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market.

Fair value is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming they act in their economic best interests. For non-financial assets, the fair value measurement is based on its highest and best use. Valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, are used, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

Goods and Services Tax ('GST') and other similar taxes

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the tax authority. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of the acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the tax authority is included in other receivables or other payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to the tax authority, are presented as operating cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the tax authority.

Comparative Figures

Comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year, where required by accounting standards, or as a result of changes in accounting policy.

New Accounting Standards and Interpretations not yet mandatory or early adopted

Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have recently been issued or amended but are not yet mandatory, have not been early adopted by the incorporated association for the annual reporting period ended 30 June 2015. The incorporated association has not yet assessed the impact of these new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations.

Note 2. Critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Management continually evaluates its judgements and estimates in relation to assets, liabilities, contingent liabilities, revenue and expenses. Management bases its judgements, estimates and assumptions on historical experience and on other various factors, including expectations of future events, management believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. The resulting accounting judgements and estimates will seldom equal the related actual results. The judgements, estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities (refer to the respective notes) within the next financial year are discussed below.

Estimation of useful lives of assets

The incorporated association determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation and amortisation charges for its property, plant and equipment and finite life intangible assets. The useful lives could change significantly as a result of technical innovations or some other event. The depreciation and amortisation charge will increase where the useful lives are less than previously estimated lives, or technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold will be written off or written down.

Volunteering Victoria Inc.
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2015

Note 2. Critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions (continued)

Impairment of non-financial assets other than goodwill and other indefinite life intangible assets

The incorporated association assesses impairment of non-financial assets other than goodwill and other indefinite life intangible assets at each reporting date by evaluating conditions specific to the incorporated association and to the particular asset that may lead to impairment. If an impairment trigger exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined. This involves fair value less costs of disposal or value-in-use calculations, which incorporate a number of key estimates and assumptions.

Employee benefits provision

As discussed in note 1, the liability for employee benefits expected to be settled more than 12 months from the reporting date are recognised and measured at the present value of the estimated future cash flows to be made in respect of all employees at the reporting date. In determining the present value of the liability, estimates of attrition rates and pay increases through promotion and inflation have been taken into account.

Note 3. Revenue

	2015	2014
	\$	\$
Recurrent Grants	331,520	347,315
Project related Grants	368,000	32,000
Fundraising and Sponsorships	23,690	17,300
Memberships	73,320	70,212
Training and Consulting services	216,133	50,103
Interest	7,069	7,869
Other revenue	398	137
Total Revenue	<u>1,020,130</u>	<u>524,936</u>

Note 4. Depreciation Expenses

	2015	2014
	\$	\$
<i>Depreciation</i>		
Furniture & Fittings	0	2,280
Office Equipment	0	2,757
Computer Equipment	6,603	7,993
Total Depreciation	<u>6,603</u>	<u>13,030</u>

Note 5. Current assets - cash and cash equivalents

	2015	2014
	\$	\$
Cash on hand	167	3
Cash at bank	273,040	226,448
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u>273,207</u>	<u>226,451</u>

Volunteering Victoria Inc.
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2015

Note 6. Current assets - trade and other receivables

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Trade receivables	244,495	156,893
Total Trade Receivables	<u>244,495</u>	<u>156,893</u>

Note 7. Current assets - other

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Prepayments	1,199	1,853
	<u>1,199</u>	<u>1,853</u>

Note 8. Non-current assets - property, plant and equipment

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Furniture & Fittings – at cost	24,906	24,906
Less accumulated depreciation	24,906	24,906
Total Furniture & Fittings	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Office Equipment – at cost	16,509	16,509
Less accumulated depreciation	16,509	16,509
Total Office Equipment	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Computer Equipment – at cost	61,295	57,873
Less accumulated depreciation	54,055	47,816
Total Computer Equipment	<u>7,240</u>	<u>10,057</u>
Total Property, Plant and Equipment	<u>7,240</u>	<u>10,057</u>

Note 9. Other non-current assets

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Work In Progress (Website Development)	6,680	0
	<u>6,680</u>	<u>0</u>

Note 10. Current liabilities - trade and other payables

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Trade payables	17,586	18,874
Superannuation payables	2,604	3,169
BAS Payables	28,909	71,709
	<u>49,099</u>	<u>93,752</u>

Note 11. Current liabilities – Revenue Received in Advance

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Training and Consulting Services	15,000	5,942
Memberships	37,538	18,819
Sponsorships	0	21,890
Grants	273,000	202,000
	<u>325,538</u>	<u>248,651</u>

Note 12. Current liabilities - employee benefits

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Provision for Annual Leave	<u>27,728</u>	<u>12,352</u>

Note 13. Equity - retained surpluses

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Retained surpluses at the beginning of the financial year	28,457	127,489
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	<u>90,967</u>	<u>(99,032)</u>
Retained surpluses at the end of the financial year	<u>119,424</u>	<u>28,457</u>

Note 14. Remuneration of auditors

In the financial year 2014 no audit was required under the provisions of the Associations Incorporation Reform Act 2012 but the Association was subject of an annual review by Savvy Accounting Pty Ltd. During the financial year ended 30 June, 2015 the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor of the incorporated association:

	2015 \$	2014 \$
<i>Audit services – William Buck Audit (Vic) Pty Ltd</i>		
Audit of the financial statements	<u>3,750</u>	<u>0</u>

Note 15. Contingent liabilities

The incorporated association had no contingent liabilities as at 30 June 2015 and 30 June 2014.

Note 16. Commitments

The incorporated association had no commitments for expenditure as at 30 June 2015 and 30 June 2014.

Note 17. Events after the reporting period

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2015 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the incorporated association's operations, the results of those operations, or the incorporated association's state of affairs in future financial years.

Volunteering Victoria Inc.
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2015

Note 18. Reconciliation of surplus after income tax to net cash from operating activities

	2015	2014
	\$	\$
Surplus/ (Loss) after income tax expense for the year	90,967	(99,032)
Adjustments for:		
Depreciations and amortisation	6,603	13,030
Employee entitlements	15,376	(5,400)
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables	(87,602)	(95,055)
Decrease/(increase) in prepayments	654	(1,853)
Decrease/(increase) in inventories	---	1,307
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables	(44,653)	70,784
Increase/(decrease) in Revenues received in advance	76,887	192,528
Increase/(decrease) in Accrued expenses	(1,010)	11,042
Net cash from operating activities	<u>57,222</u>	<u>87,351</u>

Volunteering Victoria Inc.
Officers' declaration
30 June 2015

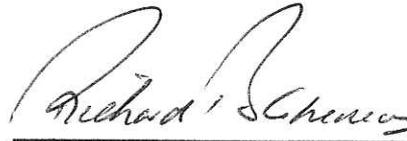
In the opinion of the Board of Directors:

- Volunteering Victoria Inc. is not a reporting entity because there are no users dependent on general purpose financial statements. Accordingly, as described in note 1 to the financial statements, the attached special purpose financial statements have been prepared for the purposes of complying with the Victorian legislation the Associations Incorporation Reform Act 2012 and associated regulations;
- the attached financial statements and notes comply with the Accounting Standards as described in note 1 to the financial statements;
- the attached financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the financial position of Volunteering Victoria Inc. as at 30 June 2015 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
- there are reasonable grounds to believe that the incorporated association will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

On behalf of the Board of Directors:



Robyn Rose
Chair of the Board
25, 9, 2015
Melbourne



Richard Blakeman B.Ec., FCPA
Director and Chair of the Finance Committee
25, 9, 2015
Melbourne

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF VOLUNTEERING VICTORIA INC.

Report on the Financial Report

We have audited the accompanying financial report, being a special purpose financial report of Volunteering Victoria Inc. (the Association), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2015, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the officers' declaration of the association.

Board's Responsibility for the Financial Report

The board of Volunteering Victoria Inc. are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report, and have determined that the basis of preparation described in Note 1, is appropriate to meet the requirements of the Associations Incorporation Reform Act 2012 and is appropriate to meet the needs of the members. Management's responsibility also includes such internal control as management determine is necessary to enable the preparation and fair presentation of a financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We have conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the board, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS & ADVISORS

Melbourne Office
Level 20, 181 William Street
Melbourne VIC 3000

Hawthorn Office
Level 1, 465 Auburn Road
Hawthorn East VIC 3123

PO Box 185, Toorak VIC 3142
Telephone: +61 3 9824 8555
williambuck.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF VOLUNTEERING VICTORIA INC. (CONT)

Basis for Qualified Opinion

The financial statements of Volunteering Victoria Inc. as at 30 June 2014 were not audited. Included in the 2015 financial statements are the comparative figures for 2014. We were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding these comparatives and as a result we are unable to express an opinion on the comparatives figures.

Qualified Auditor's Opinion

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, the financial report presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Volunteering Victoria Inc. as at 30 June 2015 and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the financial reporting requirements of the Associations Incorporation Reform Act 2012.

Basis of Accounting

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 1 to the financial report, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial report has been prepared to assist Volunteering Victoria Inc. to meet the requirements of the Associations Incorporation Reform Act 2012. As a result, the financial report may not be suitable for another purpose.

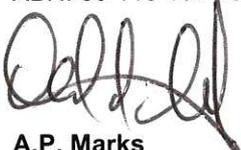
Matters Relating to the Electronic Presentation of the Audited Financial Report

This auditor's report relates to the financial report of Volunteering Victoria Inc. for the year ended 30 June 2015 included on Volunteering Victoria Inc.'s web site. The association's board are responsible for the integrity of the Volunteering Victoria Inc. web site. We have not been engaged to report on the integrity of the Volunteering Victoria Inc. web site. The auditor's report refers only to the financial report. It does not provide an opinion on any other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from these statements. If users of this report are concerned with the inherent risks arising from electronic data communications they are advised to refer to the hard copy of the audited financial report to confirm the information included in the audited financial report presented on this web site.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'William Buck Audit [Vic] Pty Ltd'.

William Buck Audit [Vic] Pty Ltd

ABN: 59 116 151 136

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'A.P. Marks'.

A.P. Marks

Director

Dated 29th day of September, 2015